# Habakkuk 1 Asking God the Hard Questions: Pain, Hope, and Us

**?** How do you feel about the state of the world today? How does this affect how you interact with others? How does this affect how you interact with God?

#### **Background and Introduction to Habakkuk**

Who wrote it: The prophet Habakkuk
Where it was written: Judah

When it was written: Between 612 B.C. and

588 B.C.

Habakkuk was a prophet in a time when Israel and Judah's pattern of faithlessness toward God was well-established. The two kingdoms had split from being a single, unified kingdom several kings ago; while the kings of Judah followed God more consistently, both kingdoms were in a spiral of disobedience and distraction away from God. Babylon was increasing in influence and power, and Habakkuk could see both the rising danger from without the kingdom

"Habakkuk lived in Judah during the reign of Jehoiakim (2 Kings 23:36–24:5). He prophesied between the fall of Nineveh (the capital of Assyria) in 612 B.C. and the Babylonian invasion of Judah in 588 B.C. . . . This book records the prophet's dialogue with God concerning the questions, 'Why does God seem indifferent in the face of evil? Why do evil people seem to go unpunished?' While other prophetic books brought God's word to people, this brought people's questions to God." (Life Application Study Bible, New International Version, published by Tyndale House Publishers, Inc. in Wheaton, Illinois and Zondervan Publishing House in Grand Rapids, Michigan, 1991. Study note on Habakkuk 1:1, page 1588)

and the growing evil and complacency within it. His questions to God carry a powerful tone of sincerity and pain that resonates with all those who see evil in the world today and struggle to understand why a good God allows things to be as they are.

#### Habakkuk 1:1-4 (NIV)

<sup>1</sup>The prophecy that Habakkuk the prophet received.

How long, Lord, must I call for help, but you do not listen?
 Or cry out to you, "Violence!" but you do not save?
 Why do you make me look at injustice? Why do you tolerate wrongdoing?
 Destruction and violence are before me; there is strife, and conflict abounds.
 Therefore the law is paralyzed,

The name "Habakkuk" means "to embrace strongly". This can have the feeling of a heartfelt hug—or the connotation of wrestling with something. In this book Habakkuk lives up to his name as he struggles with deep questions with God.

and justice never prevails.

The wicked hem in the righteous, so that justice is perverted.

In both the King James Version and the American Standard Version, the word used in verse 1 is translated as "burden" rather than "prophecy." How does this show Habakkuk's questions in a different light?

**?** Do you feel burdened by your city's ills? How can Habakkuk be an example to you as you consider how to address these struggles?

**?** Verse 3 says "Why do you make me look at injustice? Why do you tolerate wrongdoing?" How do you grapple with knowing God doesn't do evil things, yet bad things happen?

### Habakkuk 1:5-11 (NIV)

and scoff at rulers.

They laugh at all fortified cities;

<sup>5</sup> "Look at the nations and watch and be utterly amazed. For I am going to do something in your days that you would not believe, even if you were told. <sup>6</sup>I am raising up the Babylonians, that ruthless and impetuous people, who sweep across the whole earth to seize dwellings not their own. <sup>7</sup>They are a feared and dreaded people; they are a law to themselves and promote their own honor. <sup>8</sup>Their horses are swifter than leopards, fiercer than wolves at dusk. Their cavalry gallops headlong; their horsemen come from afar. They fly like an eagle swooping to devour; <sup>9</sup> they all come intent on violence. Their hordes advance like a desert wind and gather prisoners like sand. <sup>10</sup> They mock kings

by building earthen ramps they capture them.

? What is God's response to Habakkuk's complaint from verses 1-4 and what stands out about it?

**?** How do you feel when you think of yourself in the context of God's justice against wrongdoing? Whom do you relate to in this passage?

## 2 Peter 3:9 (NIV)

<sup>9</sup>The Lord is not slow in keeping his promise, as some understand slowness. Instead he is patient with you, not wanting anyone to perish, but everyone to come to repentance.

## Habakkuk 1:12-17 (NIV)

<sup>12</sup> Lord, are you not from everlasting?

My God, my Holy One, you will never die.

You Lord, have appointed them to execute judgm

You, Lord, have appointed them to execute judgment; you, my Rock, have ordained them to punish.

<sup>13</sup> Your eyes are too pure to look on evil;

you cannot tolerate wrongdoing.

Why then do you tolerate the treacherous?

Why are you silent while the wicked

swallow up those more righteous than themselves?

<sup>14</sup> You have made people like the fish in the sea, like the sea creatures that have no ruler.

<sup>15</sup>The wicked foe pulls all of them up with hooks, he catches them in his net,

he gathers them up in his dragnet; and so he rejoices and is glad.

<sup>16</sup>Therefore he sacrifices to his net and burns incense to his dragnet,

for by his net he lives in luxury and enjoys the choicest food.

<sup>17</sup> Is he to keep on emptying his net, destroying nations without mercy?

Then they sweep past like the wind and go on guilty people, whose own strength is their god."

**?** What do we learn about the character of Habakkuk through his questions and response to God?

? What do we learn about God through his response to Habakkuk?

A Tiny Look Ahead: Habakkuk is not done speaking in the last verse of chapter 1.

#### Habakkuk 2:1 (NIV)

<sup>1</sup>I will stand at my watch and station myself on the ramparts;
I will look to see what he will say to me, and what answer I am to give to this complaint.

? What feeling do you get about Habakkuk's attitude toward God in this verse?

A Big Look Ahead: As believers, we have more knowledge and hope available to us than Habakkuk saw.

#### Acts 4:24-31 (NIV)

<sup>24</sup> When they heard this, they raised their voices together in prayer to God. "Sovereign Lord," they said, "you made the heavens and the earth and the sea, and everything in them. <sup>25</sup> You spoke by the Holy Spirit through the mouth of your servant, our father David:

"'Why do the nations rage and the peoples plot in vain? <sup>26</sup> The kings of the earth rise up and the rulers band together against the Lord and against his anointed one.'

<sup>27</sup> Indeed Herod and Pontius Pilate met together with the Gentiles and the people of Israel in this city to conspire against your holy servant Jesus, whom you anointed. <sup>28</sup> They did what your power and will had decided beforehand should happen. <sup>29</sup> Now, Lord, consider their threats and enable your servants to speak your word with great boldness. <sup>30</sup> Stretch out your hand to heal and perform signs and wonders through the name of your holy servant Jesus."

<sup>31</sup> After they prayed, the place where they were meeting was shaken. And they were all filled with the Holy Spirit and spoke the word of God boldly.

?	How does this passage from Acts fit with what you've just read in Habakkuk 1? How does it feel
di	ifferent?

? What is the hope that we have as believers, despite the evil that people do around us?

## For Discussion and Accountability

**?** What questions are you grappling with that you want to ask of God? How can you be seeking Him in your pain and uncertainty this week?

? What do you do and/or feel when you have to wait on God's answers to the tough questions in life?